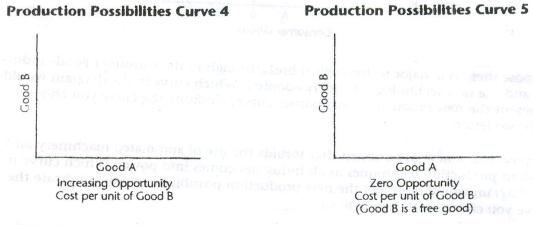
## ACTIVITY 2 continued

- 3. If the economy represented in *Production Possibilities Curve 3* is presently producing 12 units of Good B and 0 units of Good A:
  - a. the opportunity cost of increasing production of Good A from 0 units to 1 unit is the loss of \_\_\_\_ unit(s) of Good B.
  - b. the opportunity cost of increasing production of Good A from 1 unit to 2 units is the loss of \_\_\_\_ unit(s) of Good B.
  - c. the opportunity cost of increasing production of Good A from 2 units to 3 units is the loss of \_\_\_\_ unit(s) of Good B.
  - d. This is an example of (constant/increasing/decreasing/zero) opportunity cost per unit for Good A.

## Part B.

Use the following axes for *Production Possibilities Curves 4, 5,* and 6 to draw in the type of curve that illustrates the labels given below each axis.



## **Production Possibilities Curve 6**

